

9±0,15

Platinum Resistance Temperature Detector

C 220

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The C series thin-film PRTDs combine the ideal curve characteristics of ceramic wire-wound RTDs with the vibration resistance of glass wire-wound RTDs and represent an excellent alternative to wire-wound RTDs. They are characterized by high long-term stability, excellent temperature shock resistance and a wide temperature range of -196°C to +150°C. The deviation from the DIN EN 60751 (according to IEC 751) characteristic curve is minimal over the entire temperature range, they show no hysteresis. These features make them best suited for applications in aerospace, chemical and power generation plants and analytical equipment.

Nominal Resistance R0	Tolerance DIN EN 60751 1996-07	Tolerance DIN EN 60751 2009-05	Order Number Plastic Box
100 Ohm at 0°C	Class B	F 0.3	32 207 399

The measuring point for the nominal resistance is defined at 8mm from the end of the sonsor body.

DIN EN 60751 Specification

 100Ω at 0°C Nominal resistance

-196°C to +150°C Temperature range

Tolerance Class B: -196°C to +150°C

Temperature coefficient TC= 3850 ppm/K

Leads AgPd- wire

Lead lengths (L) 10mm ±1mm

Environmental conditions

Vibration resistance

Insulation resistance

Self heating

Response time

Measuring current

Note Other tolerances, values of resistance and wire lengths are

available on request.

max. R0-Drift 0.03% after 1000 h at 150°C Long-term stability unhoused for dry environments only at least 40g acceleration at 10 to 2000 Hz, depends on installation Ø0,25±0,02 Shock resistance at least 100g acceleration with 8ms half sine wave, depends on installation > 100 M Ω at 150°C 0.4 K/mW at 0°C RoHSwater current (v= 0.4m/s): $t_{0.5} = 0.06s$ $t_{0.9} = 0.20s$ air stream (v= 2m/s): $t_{0.5} = 3.5s$ $t_{0.9} = 13.0s$ 100Ω: 0.3 to 1.0mA (self heating has to be considered)

we reserve the right to make alterations and technical data printed. All technical data serves as a guideline and does not guarantee particular properties to any products.





Platinum Resistance Temperature Detector

C 416

The C series thin-film PRTDs combine the ideal curve characteristics of ceramic wire-wound RTDs with the vibration resistance of glass wire-wound RTDs and represent an excellent alternative to wire-wound RTDs. They are characterized by high long-term stability, excellent temperature shock resistance and a wide temperature range of -196°C to +500°C. The deviation from the DIN EN 60751 (according to IEC 751) characteristic curve is minimal over the entire temperature range, they show no hysteresis. These features make them best suited for applications in aerospace, chemical and power generation plants and analytical equipment.

Nominal Resistance R0	Tolerance DIN EN 60751 1996-07	Tolerance DIN EN 60751 2009-05	Order Number Plastic Box
100 Ohm at 0°C	Class B	F 0.3	32 208 519

The measuring point for the nominal resistance is defined at 8mm from the end of the sensor body.

Specification DIN EN 60751

Nominal resistance 100Ω at 0°C

Temperature range -196°C to +500°C

Tolerance Class B: -196°C up to +500°C

Temperature coefficient TCR = 3850 ppm/K

Leads AuPd- wire

Lead lengths (L) 10mm ±1mm

Long-term stability max. R₀-drift 0.03% after 1000 h at 500 °C

Environmental conditions unhoused for dry environments only

Vibration resistance at least 40g acceleration at 10 to 2000 Hz,

depends on installation

Shock resistance at least 100g acceleration with 8ms

half sine wave, depends on installation

Self heating 0.4 K/mW at 0°C

Insulation resistance > 100 M Ω at 20°C; > 2 M Ω at 500°C

Response time water current (v= 0.4m/s): $t_{0.5} = 0.07$ s

 $t_{0.9} = 0.25s$ air stream (v= 2m/s): $t_{0.5} = 3.2s$

 $t_{0.9} = 14.0s$

Measuring current 100Ω : 0.3 to 1.0 mA

(self heating has to be considered)

Note Other tolerances, values of resistance and

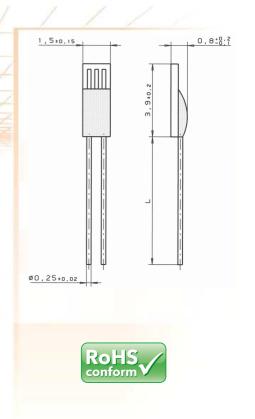
wire lengths are available on request.

For brazing and soldering of the leads only brazing/solder alloys should be

used which are specified for brazing/soldering to gold alloys.

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Platinum Resistance Temperature Detector

C 420

The C series thin-film PRTDs combine the ideal curve characteristics of ceramic wire-wound RTDs with the vibration resistance of glass wire-wound RTDs and represent an excellent alternative to wire-wound RTDs. They are characterized by high long-term stability, excellent temperature shock resistance and a wide temperature range of -196°C to +150°C. The deviation from the DIN EN 60751 (according to IEC 751) characteristic curve is minimal over the entire temperature range, they show no hysteresis. These features make them best suited for applications in aerospace, chemical and power generation plants and analytical equipment.

Nominal Resistance R0	Tolerance DIN EN 60751 1996-07	Tolerance DIN EN 60751 2009-05	Order Number Plastic Box
1000 Ohm at 0°C	Class B	F 0.3	32 207 502

The measuring point for the nominal resistance is defined at 8mm from the end of the sensor body.

Specification DIN EN 60751

Nominal resistance 1000Ω at 0°C

Temperature range -196°C to +150°C

Tolerance Class B: -196°C bis +150°C

Temperature coefficient TC = 3850 ppm/K

Leads AgPd- wire

Lead lengths (L) 15mm ±1mm

Long-term stability max. R0-Drift 0.03% after 1000 h at 150°C

Environmental conditions unhoused for dry environments only

Vibration resistance at least 40g acceleration at 10 to 2000 Hz,

depends on installation

Shock resistance at least 100g acceleration with 8ms

half sine wave, depends on installation

Insulation resistance $> 100 \text{ M}\Omega$ at 150°C

Self heating 0.3 K/mW at 0°C

Response time water current (v = 0.4m/s): t0.5 = 0.08s

t0.9 = 0.25s

air stream (v= 2m/s): t0.5 = 3.5

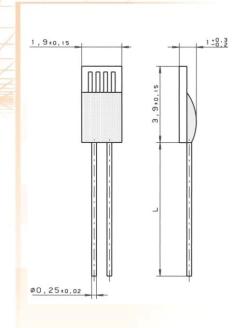
 $t_{0.9} = 15.0s$

Measuring current 1000 Ω : 0.1 to 0.3 mA

(self heating has to be considered)

Note Other tolerances, values of resistance and

wire lengths are available on request.





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